

## PAL

**PAINT.** *n. f.* [from the verb.]  
 1. Colours representative of any thing.  
 Poets are limners.  
 To copy out ideas in the mind,  
 Words are the *paint* by which their thoughts are shown,  
 And nature is their object to be drawn.  
 The church of the annunciation looks beautiful in the in-  
 side, all but one corner of it being covered with statues,  
 gilding, and *paint*.  
 Her charms in breathing *paint* engage,  
 Her modest cheek shall warm a future age.  
 2. Colours laid on the face.  
 Together lay her pray'r book and her *paint*.  
**PAINTER.** *n. f.* [peintre, Fr. from *paint*.] One who professes  
 the art of representing objects by colours.  
 In the placing let some care be taken how the painter did  
 stand in the working.  
 Beauty is only that which makes all things as they are in  
 their proper and perfect nature; which the best painters al-  
 ways chuse by contemplating the forms of each.  
**PAINTING.** *n. f.* [from *paint*.]  
 1. The art of representing objects by delineation and colours.  
 If *painting* be acknowledged for an art, it follows that no  
 arts are without their precepts.  
 'Tis in life as 'tis in *painting*,  
 Much may be right, yet much be wanting.  
 2. Picture; the painted resemblance.  
 This is the very *painting* of your fear;  
 This is the air-drawn dagger which you said,  
 Led you to Duncan.  
*Painting* is welcome;  
 The *painting* is almost the natural man:  
 For since dishonour trafficks with man's nature,  
 He is but outside: pencil'd figures are  
 Ev'n such as they give out.  
 3. Colours laid on.  
 If any such be here  
 That love this *painting*, wherein you see me smear'd,  
 Let him express his disposition,  
**PAINTURE.** *n. f.* [peinture, French.] The art of painting.  
 A French word.  
 To the next realm she stretch'd her sway,  
 For *painture* near adjoining lay,  
 A plenteous province.  
 The show'ry arch  
 With lifted colours gay, or, azure, gules,  
 Delights and puzzles the beholders eye,  
 That views the wat'ry brede with thousand shews  
 Of *painture* vary'd.  
**PAIR.** *n. f.* [paire, Fr. par, Latin.]  
 1. Two things suiting one another, as a pair of gloves.  
 2. A man and wife.  
 O when meet now,  
 Such *pairs* in love and mutual honour join'd?  
 Baucis and Philemon there  
 Had liv'd long marry'd and a happy *pair*;  
 Now old in love.  
 3. Two of a sort; a couple; a brace.  
 All his lovely looks, his pleasing fires,  
 All his sweet motions, all his taking smiles,  
 He does into one *pair* of eyes convey.  
 The many *pairs* of nerves branching themselves to all the  
 parts of the body, are wonderful to behold.  
 To *PAIR.* *v. n.* [from the noun.]  
 1. To be joined in pairs; to couple.  
 Our dance, I pray;  
 Your hand, my Perdita; so turtles *pair*.  
 2. To suit; to fit as a counterpart.  
 Had our prince seen the hour, he had *pair'd*  
 Well with this lord; there was not a full month  
 Between their births.  
 My heart was made to fit and *pair* with thine,  
 Simple and plain, and fraught with artless tenderness.  
 To *PAIR.* *v. a.*  
 1. To join in couples.  
 Minds are so hardly match'd, that ev'n the first,  
 Tho' *pair'd* by heav'n, in Paradise were curs'd.  
 2. To unite as correspondent or opposite.  
 Turtles and doves with diff'rent hues unite,  
 And glossy jet is *pair'd* with shining white.  
**PALACE.** *n. f.* [palais, Fr. palatium, Lat.] A royal house;  
 an house eminently splendid.  
 You forgot,  
 We with colours spread,  
 March'd thro' the city to the *palace* gates.  
*Palaces* and pyramids do slope  
 Their heads to their foundations.  
 The *palace* yard is fill'd with floating tides,  
 And the last comers bear the former to the sides.  
*Palaces* and fanes, and villas rise,

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The suns bright *palace* on high columns rais'd,  
 With burning gold and flaming jewels blaz'd.  
 And gardens smile around.  
 The old man early rose, walk'd forth and fate  
 On polish'd stone before his *palace* gate.  
**PALACIOUS.** *adj.* [from *palace*.] Royal; noble; magnificent.  
 London encircles daily, turning of great *palacious* houses  
 into small tenements.  
**PALANQUIN.** *n. f.* Is a kind of covered carriage used in the  
 eastern countries that is supported on the shoulders of slaves,  
 and wherein persons of distinction are carried.  
**PALATABLE.** *adj.* [from *palate*.] Gustful; pleasing to the  
 taste.  
 There is nothing so difficult as the art of making advice  
 agreeable. How many devices have been made use of to  
 render this bitter potion *palatable*.  
 They by th' alluring odour drawn in haste,  
 Fly to the dulcet cates, and crowding sip  
 Their *palatable* bane.  
**PALATE.** *n. f.* [palatum, Latin.]  
 1. The instrument of taste.  
 Let their beds  
 Be made as soft as yours, and let their *palates*  
 Be season'd with such viands.  
 These ivory feet were carved into the shape of lions;  
 without these their greatest dainties could not relish to their  
*palates*.  
 Light and colours come in only by the eyes; all kind of  
 sounds only by the ears; the several tastes and smells by the  
 nose and *palate*.  
 By nerves about our *palate* plac'd,  
 She likewise judges of the taste:  
 Else, dismal thought! our warlike men  
 Might drink thick port for fine champagne.  
 The vulgar boil, the learned roast an egg;  
 Hard task to hit the *palate* of such guests.  
 2. Mental relish; intellectual taste.  
 It may be the *palate* of the soul is indisposed by littleness  
 or sorrow.  
 The men of nice *palates* could not relish Aristotle, as dress'd  
 up by the schoolmen.  
**PALATICK.** *adj.* [from *palate*.] Belonging to the palate; a  
 roof of the mouth.  
 The three labials, P. B. M. are parallel to the three gin-  
 gival T. D. N. and to the three *palatic* K. G. L.  
**PALATINE.** *n. f.* [palatin, Fr. from *palatium*, Lat.]  
 One invested with regal rights and prerogatives.  
 Many of those lords, to whom our kings had granted those  
 petty kingdoms, did exercise *jura regalia*, inasmuch as there  
 were no less than eight counties *palatines* in Ireland at one  
 time.  
 These absolute *palatines* made barons and knights, did ex-  
 ercise high justice in all points within their territories.  
**PALATINE.** *adj.* Possessing royal privileges.  
**PALE.** *adj.* [pale, Fr. pallidus, Lat.]  
 1. Not ruddy; not fresh of colour; wan; white of look.  
 Look I so *pale*, lord Dorset, as the rest?  
 Ay, my good Lord; and no man in the presence;  
 But his red colour hath forsook his cheeks.  
 Wherein you dress yourself; hath it slept since?  
 And wakes it now to look so green and *pale*.  
 Tell pale-hearted fear, it lies;  
 And sleep in spite of thunder.  
 2. Not high coloured; approaching to colourless transparency.  
 When the urine turns *pale*, the patient is in danger.  
 3. Not bright; not shining; faint of lustre; dim.  
 The night, methinks, is but the day-light sick,  
 It looks a little *pale*.  
 To *PALE.* *v. a.* [from the adjective.] To make pale.  
 The glow worm shews the matins to be near,  
 And 'gins to *pale* his uneffectual fire.  
 To teach it good and ill, disgrace or shame,  
*Pale* it with rage, or redden it with shame.  
**PALE.** *n. f.* [palus, Latin.]  
 1. Narrow piece of wood joined above and below to a rail,  
 to inclose grounds.  
 Get up o'th' rail, I'll peck you o'er the *pales* else.  
 As their example still prevails,  
 She tempts the stream, or leaps the *pales*.  
 Deer creep through when a *pale* tumbles down.  
 2. Any inclosure.  
 A ceremony, which was then judged very convenient for  
 the whole church even by the whole, those few excepted,  
 which brake out of the common *pale*.  
 Let my due feet never fail  
 To walk the studious cloister's *pales*,  
 And love the high embowed roof.  
 He hath propo'd a standing revelation, so well confirmed  
 by miracles, that it should be needless to recur to them for  
 the conviction of any man born within the *pale* of christianity.  
 Confine

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Confine the thoughts to exercise the breath;  
 And keep them in the *pale* of words till death.  
 3. Any district or territory.  
 There is no part but the bare English *pale*, in which the  
 Irish have not the greatest footing.  
 The lords justices put arms into the hands of divers noble-  
 men of that religion, within the *pale*.  
 4. The *pale* is the third and middle part of the scutcheon,  
 being derived from the chief to the base, or nether part of the  
 scutcheon, with two lines.  
 To *PALE.* *v. a.* [from the noun.]  
 1. To inclose with pales.  
 The diameter of the hill of twenty foot, may be *paled* in  
 with twenty deals of a foot broad.  
 2. To inclose; to encompass.  
 Whate'er the ocean *pales*, or sky inclips,  
 Is thine.  
 The English beach  
*Pales* in the flood with men, with wives and boys.  
 Will you *pale* your head in Henry's glory,  
 And rob his temples of the diadem,  
 Now in his life?  
**PALEVED.** *adj.* [pale and eye.] Having eyes dimmed.  
 No nightly trance, or breathed spell,  
 Inspires the *paleve'd* priest from the prophetic cell.  
 Shrines, where their vigils *paleve'd* virgins keep,  
 And pitying faints, whole statues learn to weep.  
**PALEFACE'D.** *adj.* [pale and face.] Having the face wan.  
 Why have they dar'd to march  
 So many miles upon her peaceful bosom,  
 Frighting her *paleface'd* villages with war.  
 Let *paleface'd* fear keep with the mean born man,  
 And find no harbour in a royal heart.  
**PALELY.** *adv.* [from *pale*.] Wanly; not freshly; not ruddily.  
**PALENESS.** *n. f.* [from *pale*.]  
 1. Want of colour; want of freshness; sickly white-  
 ness of look.  
 Her blood durst not yet come to her face, to take away  
 the name of *paleness* from her most pure whiteness.  
 The blood the virgin's cheek forsook,  
 A livid *paleness* spreads o'er all her look.  
 2. Want of colour; want of lustre.  
 The *paleness* of this flow'r  
 Bewray'd the faintness of my master's heart.  
**PALENDAR.** *n. f.* A kind of coasting vessel.  
 Solyman sent over light horsemen in great *palendars*, which  
 running all along the sea coast, carried the people and the  
 cattle.  
**PALEOUS.** *n. f.* [paleus, Latin.] Hulky; chaffy.  
 This attraction have we tried in straws and *paleous* bodies.  
**PALETTE.** *n. f.* [palette, French.] A light board on which  
 a painter holds his colours when he paints.  
 Let the ground of the picture be of such a mixture, as  
 there may be something in it of every colour that composes  
 your work, as it were the contents of your *palette*.  
 Ere yet thy pencil tries her nicer toils,  
 Or on thy *palette* lie the blended oils,  
 Thy careless chalk has half achiev'd thy art,  
 And her just image makes Cleora start.  
 When sage Minerva rose,  
 From her sweet lips smooth elocution flows,  
 Her skilful hand an iv'ry *palette* grac'd,  
 Where shining colours were in order plac'd.  
**PALEFREY.** *n. f.* [palefroy, French.] A small horse fit for la-  
 dies: it is always distinguished in the old books from a war  
 horse.  
 Her wanton *palefroy* all was overspread  
 With tincl trappings, woven like a wave.  
 The damsel is mounted on a white *palefroy*, as an emblem  
 of her innocence.  
 The smiths and armorers on *palefroys* ride,  
**PALEFREYED.** *adj.* [from *palefroy*.] Riding on a palefroy.  
 Such dire achievements sings the bard that tells,  
 Of *palefroy'd* dames, bold knights, and magic spells;  
 Where whole brigades one champion's arms o'erthrow,  
 And cleave a giant at a random blow.  
**PALIFICATION.** *n. f.* [palks, Latin.] The act or practice  
 of making ground firm with piles.  
 I have laid nothing of *palification* or piling of the ground-  
 plot commanded by Vitruvius, when we build upon a moist  
 soil.  
**PALINDROME.** *n. f.* [παλινδρομία, παλιν and δρομία.] A  
 word or sentence which is the same read backward or for-  
 wards: as, *madam*; or this sentence, *Sibi dura a rudibus*.  
**PALINODE.** *n. f.* [παλινωδία.] A recantation.  
 I, of thy excellence, have oft been told;  
 But now my ravish'd eyes thy face behold:  
 Who therefore in this weeping *palinod*  
 Abhor myself, that have displeas'd my God,  
 In dust and ashes mourn.

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**PALISADE.** *n. f.* [palisade, Fr. palisado, Span. from *pallis*,  
**PALISADO.** } *Lat.* Pales set by way of inclosure or defence.  
 The Trojans round the place a rampire cast,  
 And *palisades* about the trenches plac'd.  
 The wood is useful for *palisades* for fortifications, being  
 very hard and durable.  
 The city is surrounded with a strong wall, and that wall  
 guarded with *palisades*.  
 To *PALISADE.* *v. a.* [from the noun.] To inclose with pa-  
 lisades.  
**PALISH.** *adj.* [from *pale*.] Somewhat pale.  
 Spirit of nitre makes with copper a *palish* blue; spirit of  
 urine a deep blue.  
**PALL.** *n. f.* [pallium, Latin.]  
 1. A cloak or mantle of state.  
 With princely pace,  
 As fair Aurora in her purple *pall*,  
 Out of the East the dawning day doth call;  
 So forth the comes.  
 Let gorgeous tragedy  
 In scepter'd *pall* come sweeping by.  
 2. The mantle of an archbishop.  
 An archbishop ought to be consecrated and anointed, and  
 after consecration he shall have the *pall* sent him.  
 3. The covering thrown over the dead.  
 The right side of the *pall* old Egeus kept,  
 And on the left the royal Thebes wept.  
 To *PALL.* *v. a.* [from the noun.] To cloak; to invest.  
 Come thick night  
 And *pall* thee in the dunest smoak of hell,  
 That my keen knife see not the wound it makes.  
 To *PALL.* *v. n.* [Of this word the etymologists give no rea-  
 sonable account; perhaps it is only a corruption of *pale*, and  
 was applied originally to colours.] To grow vapid; to be-  
 come insipid.  
 Empty one bottle into another swiftly, left the drink *pall*.  
 Beauty soon grows familiar to the lover,  
 Fades in the eye, and *palls* upon the sense.  
 To *PALL.* *v. a.*  
 1. To make insipid or vapid.  
 Reason and reflection, representing perpetually to the mind  
 the meanness of all sensual gratifications, blunt the edge of  
 his keenest desires, and *pall* all his enjoyments.  
 Wit, like wine, from happier climates brought,  
 Dash'd by these rogues, turns English common draught,  
 They *pall* Moliere's and Lopez' sprightly strain.  
 2. To impair spiriteliness; to dispirit.  
 A miracle  
 Their joy with unexpected sorrow *pall'd*.  
 Ungrateful man,  
 Base, barbarous man, the more we raise our love  
 The more we *pall*, and cool, and kill his ardour.  
 3. To weaken; to impair.  
 For this,  
 I'll never follow thy *pall'd* fortunes more.  
 4. To cloy.  
*Palled* appetite is humorous, and must be gratified with  
 sauces rather than food.  
**PALLET.** *n. f.* [paillet, in Chaucer, which was probably the  
 French word from *paille*, straw, and secondarily, a bed.]  
 1. A small bed; a mean bed.  
 Why rather, sleep, liest thou in smoky cribs,  
 Upon uneasy *pallets* stretching thee,  
 And hush't with buzzing night flies to thy slumber;  
 Than in the perfum'd chambers of the great,  
 Under the canopies of costly state,  
 And lull'd with sounds of sweetest melody?  
 His secretary was laid in a *pallet* near him for ventilation of  
 his thoughts.  
 If your stray attendance be yet lodg'd,  
 Or shroud within these limits, I shall know  
 Ere morrow wake, or the low-roofed lark  
 From her thatch't *pallet* roule.  
 2. [palette, French.] A small measure, formerly used by  
 churgeons.  
 A surgeon drew from a patient in four days, twenty-seven  
*pallets*, every *pallet* containing three ounces.  
**PALLMALLE.** *n. f.* [pila and malleus, Lat. pale maille, French]  
 A play in which the ball is struck with a mallet through an  
 iron ring.  
**PALLIAMENT.** *n. f.* [pallium, Lat.] A dress; a robe.  
 The people of Rome,  
 Send thee by me their tribute,  
 This *palliament* of white and spotless hue.  
**PALLIARDISE.** *n. f.* [palliardise, Fr.] Fornication; whor-  
 ing. Obsolete.  
 To *PALLIATE.* *v. a.* [pallio, Lat. from *pallium*, a cloak;  
*pallier*, French.]  
 1. To cover with excuse.  
 They never hide or *palliate* their vices, but expose them  
 freely to view.